

7.24 Libraries in universities and colleges, academic year 1970-71

Province	Institutions reporting	Full-time enrolment	Volumes of books, periodicals and pamphlets	Full-time staff	Total operating expenditures \$
UNIVERSITIES¹	108	307,459	24,093,460	6,776	79,686,319
Newfoundland	1	6,378	310,995	74	1,471,967
Prince Edward Island	1	1,755	129,763	30	505,004
Nova Scotia	10	15,626	1,186,274	281	3,475,686
New Brunswick	6	9,686	710,356	193	2,207,462
Quebec	17	60,862	5,081,128	1,446	14,323,086
Ontario	40	120,805	10,356,574	2,915	34,827,051
Manitoba	7	16,926	1,296,696	256	3,317,210
Saskatchewan	10	14,787	953,718	219	2,868,081
Alberta	7	30,010	1,721,561	624	7,616,259
British Columbia	9	30,624	2,346,395	738	9,074,513
COLLEGES²	143	141,892	4,324,147	912	10,485,005
Newfoundland	2	705	30,415	6	74,463
Prince Edward Island	1	175	3,540	1	24,446
Nova Scotia	5	2,131	100,556	22	238,219
New Brunswick	4	1,619	37,595	7	83,483
Quebec	59	70,481	2,813,980	477	4,644,905
Ontario	43	44,102	774,953	232	2,973,431
Manitoba	3	2,084	36,681	21	195,740
Saskatchewan	2	1,135	33,742	5	82,144
Alberta	11	9,085	236,603	66	785,062
British Columbia	13	10,375	256,082	75	1,383,112

¹ Universities are defined as degree-granting institutions including affiliated, associated and federated colleges if these offer four-year academic programs leading to degrees which are granted by the parent university.

² Colleges are defined as post-secondary, non-degree-granting institutions offering technical and university transfer programs of one to four years duration. In addition, these may offer other levels of courses of less than one year in vocational and extension programs.

Sources

7.1 - 7.24 Education Division, Institutional and Public Finance Statistics Branch, Statistics Canada.